

Welcome to the 8th Advances Against Aspergillosis international conference







Introduction and summary of global disease burden

David W. Denning
National Aspergillosis Centre
Wythenshawe Hospital
The University of Manchester

Global Action Fund for Fungal Infections



8th ADVANCES AGAINST ASPERGILLOSIS

Lisbon, Portugal

1 - 3 February 2018
Lisbon Congress Centre



- 2004 (San Francisco)
- 2006 (Athens)
- 2008 (Miami)
- 2010 (Rome)
- 2012 (Istanbul)
- 2014 (Madrid)
- 2016 (Manchester)

With over 300 attendees at each meeting



- 245 papers have been published in 8 Supplements,
- comprising 1,863 pages of full papers,
- 1,223 abstracts from the meetings



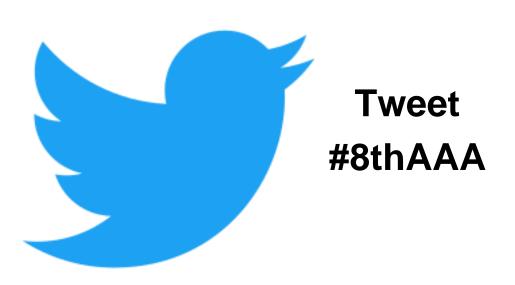
Welcome to the Mucormycosis community



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Deaths from fungal infections need to fall

Fungal Infection	TB (2015)	Malaria (2015)
>1,660,000	1,800,000 (200,000 ↑ with HIV)	429,000 ↓↓



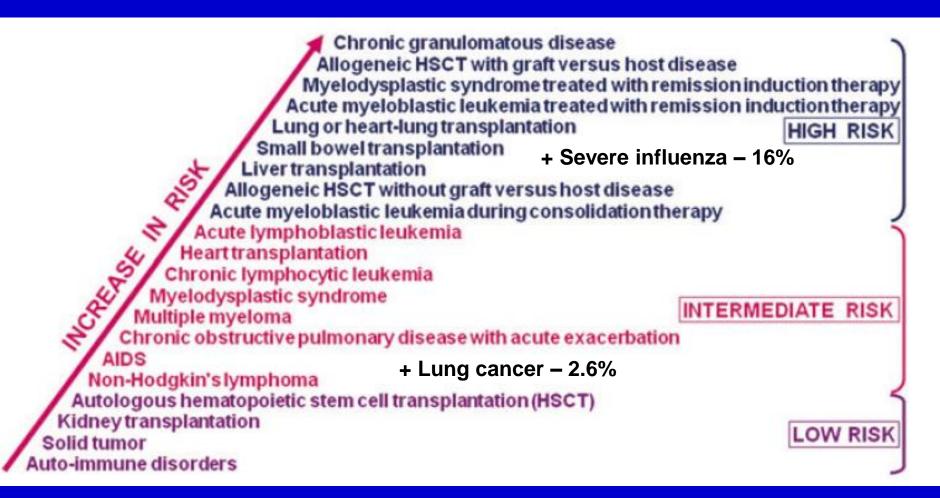
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Aspergillosis	Invasive	Chronic	Allergic
Global Burden	200,000 – 400,000	1.5 M – 3M	6M – 20M
Untreated Mortality	~100%	~75% / 5 yrs	< 1%
Treated Mortality	30-85%	~45% / 5 yrs	< 1%
Orphan Drug Designation?	Yes	Yes	No (possible for Cystic Fibrosis)
Placebo-Controlled RCT Possible?	No	No	Yes
Surrogate Endpoint	Yes/No	No	No

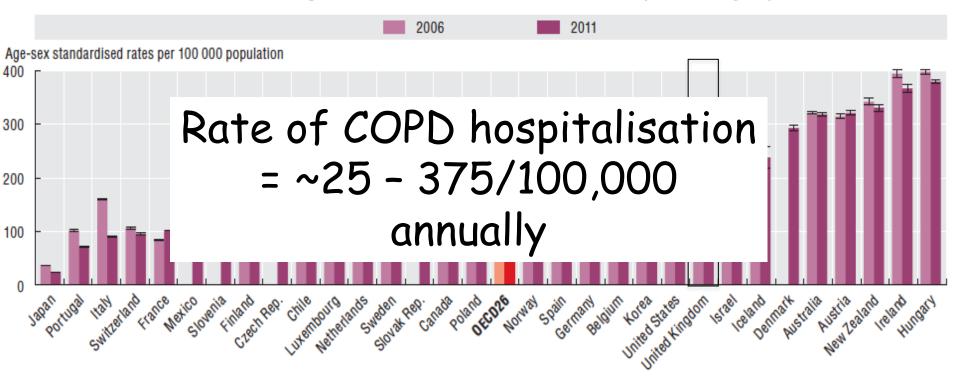
Risk groups and frequencies of invasive aspergillosis - different test performances





COPD admissions (rate per 40+ years old)

5.1.2. COPD hospital admission in adults, 2006 and 2011 (or nearest year)



OECD Health Statistics 2013, ttp://dx.doi.org/10.1787/health-data-en.



IA in COPD

ORIGINAL ARTICLE MYCOLOGY

Invasive pulmonary aspergillosis in patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease: a case control study from China

H. Xu¹, L. Li¹, W.-J. Huang¹, L.-X. Wang², W.-F. Li¹ and W.-F. Yuan¹

1) Respiratory Medicine and 2) Clinical Laboratory, Guangzhou General Hospital of Guangzhou Military Command, Guangzhou, China

58 of the 298 COPD admissions with a lower respiratory tract sample processed grew *Aspergillus* spp.

39 (3.9%) had probable IA.
Only 13% had oral corticosteroids
43% died

Xu H et al. Clin Microbiol Infect 2012;18:403.



COPD in China

32,800,000 patients with COPD 11,858,100 admissions to hospital

154,155 IA cases in COPD at a 1.3% rate (Spain) 462,466 IA cases in COPD at a 3.9% rate (China)

199,000 deaths predicted annually in China

Zhu et al. ECCMID 2013; Abstr 3393. Guinea et al Clin Microbiol Infect 2010;16:870 Xu et al, Clin Microbiol Infect 2012;18:403



Lung cancer

1,824,700 patients with lung cancer each year

If 2.6% develop IA, then:

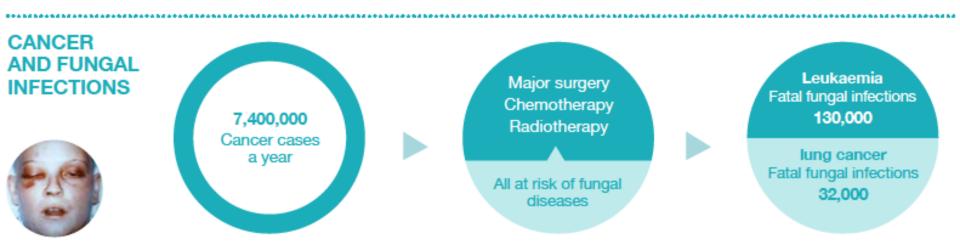
47,500 cases predicted annually

www.Globocan.org

Yan X et al, Cancer 2009; 115: 5018

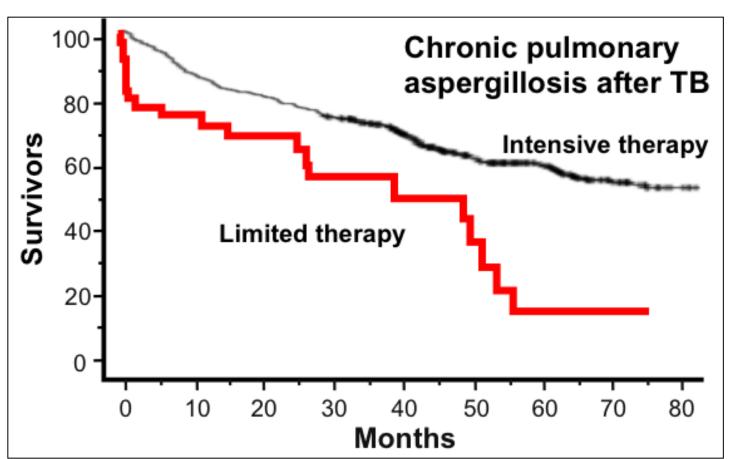


Invasive aspergillosis complicating cancer and leukaemia





Prognosis of chronic pulmonary aspergillosis



387 cases Mean age 59 years

42 cases Mean age 72 years

Lowes et al, Eur Resp J 2017 49: 1601062 Ohba et al. Resp Med 2012;106:724.



Fungal disease of the lungs in outside the hospital

~200 million adult asthmatics

Annual burden	Annual case fatality rate	Estimated deaths
>3,000,000	~15% mortality in developed world	>450,000
>6,500,000	<1% but no good figures	350,000 - 489,000 asthma deaths - ~50% SAFS related
>4,837,000	<1%	<10,000
>19,000	<1%	<100
	>3,000,000 >6,500,000 >4,837,000	>3,000,000 ~15% mortality in developed world >6,500,000 <1% but no good figures >4,837,000 <1%



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Form of aspergillosis	Number	Deaths
IA	400,000	300,000
CPA	3,000,000	450,000
ABPA	4,800,000	10,000
SAFS	6,500,000	250,000
Total	14,700,000	1,010,000





5 aspirational targets for aspergillosis to be achieved by 2030



Aspergillosis Target 1:

Survival in invasive aspergillosis increased to 90% (up from under 50%)



Aspergillosis Target 2:

Plugging the major gaps in our understanding of the biological, immunological and genetic basis of aspergillosis



Aspergillosis Target 3:

Diagnostics

(most countries, including all of Africa, have no diagnostic capability at all)

- New widely available, standardized and clinically validated diagnostics techniques
 - New simple screening tests developed



Aspergillosis Target 4:

Treatment

 New antifungal agents licensed for invasive, chronic and allergic aspergillosis and for all age groups (only 3 classes currently available)



Aspergillosis Target 5:

At least one vaccine against aspergillosis in clinical trials or approved (none currently)

Other needs:

- •Improvement in the public's awareness of fungal diseases and specifically aspergillosis
- •Keeping homes free from excessive *Aspergillus* and other moulds related to dampness, which increases the number and severity of asthma episodes
- •Stronger evidence base of antifungal therapy allergic aspergillosis to reduce the number and severity of asthma episodes, and probably asthma deaths
- •Hospital environments for vulnerable patients free of Aspergillus
- •Reduction in azole resistance with reduced use of azole fungicides in non-essential crops
- •Prevention of a new epidemic of resistance with any <u>new</u> classes of antifungal used for aspergillosis by not allowing such chemical class to be used as a fungicide
- ·Need for better surveillance and detailed epidemiology data
- Development of immunotherapies as well as vaccines



Many thanks to all our sponsors

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Enjoy the conference

Please be at your poster on your odd or even day, as the SAGE squads will be visiting